

Specialist Mathematics

Written examination 1



2005 Trial Examination

SOLUTIONS

PART I: Multiple-choice questions (1 mark each)

1.	A	11.	C	21.	C
2.	B	12.	E	22.	B
3.	A	13.	D	23.	D
4.	C	14.	D	24.	E
5.	D	15.	C	25.	A
6.	D	16.	D	26.	C
7.	D	17.	E	27.	E
8.	A	18.	D	28.	C
9.	B	19.	E	29.	D
10.	A	20.	A	30.	A

PART II: Short Answer Questions.

Question 1

$$y = x \sin x \Rightarrow y' = \sin x + x \cos x$$

$$\Rightarrow y'' = \cos x + (\cos x - x \sin x) = 2 \cos x - x \sin x$$

Substituting into the differential equation, we obtain

$$(2 \cos x - x \sin x) + m(x \sin x) = n \cos x$$

$$\Rightarrow (m - 1)x \sin x + 2 \cos x = n \cos x$$

$$\Rightarrow m - 1 = 0 \text{ \& } n = 2 \Rightarrow m = 1 \text{ \& } n = 2$$

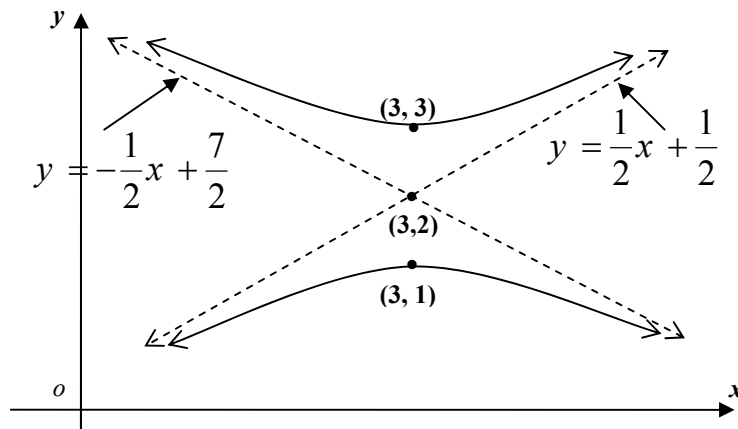
3 marks

Question 2

Centre: $(3, 2)$ \& $a = 2, b = 1 \Rightarrow$ Vertices: $(3, 2 \pm 1) \Rightarrow (3, 1)$ \& $(3, 3)$.

$$\text{Asymptotes are } y - 2 = \pm \frac{1}{2}(x - 3) = \pm \frac{1}{2}x + 2 \mp \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2} \text{ \& } \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{7}{2}$$



4 marks

Question 3

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\pi} 8 \sin^4 x \, dx &= 8 \int_0^{\pi} (\sin^2 x)^2 \, dx = 8 \int_0^{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos 2x) \right]^2 dx \\ &= 2 \int_0^{\pi} (1 - 2 \cos 2x + \cos^2 2x) \, dx = 2 \int_0^{\pi} \left[1 - 2 \cos 2x + \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos 4x) \right] dx \\ &= \int_0^{\pi} (2 - 4 \cos 2x + 1 + \cos 4x) \, dx = \int_0^{\pi} (3 - 4 \cos 2x + \cos 4x) \, dx \\ &= \left[3x - 2 \sin 2x + \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x \right]_0^{\pi} = (3\pi) - (0) = 3\pi \end{aligned}$$

3 marks

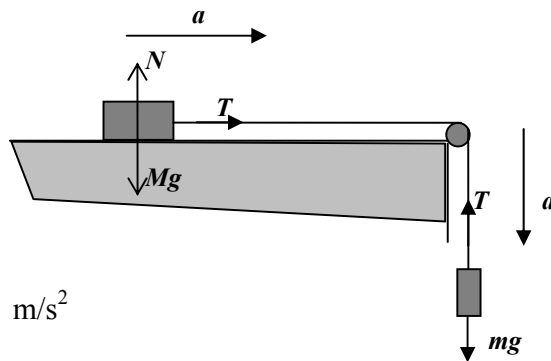
Question 4

a. The mass M :
 $Ma = T$ ----- (1)

The mass m :
 $ma = mg - T$ ---- (2)

Adding (1) and (2):

$$(M + m)a = mg \Rightarrow a = \frac{mg}{M + m} \text{ m/s}^2$$



2 marks

b. Substitute into (1): $T = \frac{Mmg}{M + m}$ N

1 mark

Question 5

$$V = \pi \int_0^h x^2 dy = \pi \int_0^h (e^y)^2 dy = \pi \int_0^h e^{2y} dy = \frac{\pi}{2} [e^{2y}]_0^h = \frac{\pi}{2} (e^{2h} - 1) \text{ cubic units}$$

3 marks

Question 6

$$z^4 = -16 = 16cis(\pi) = 2^4 cis(\pi + 2k\pi), k = 0, 1, 2, 3.$$

$$z = 2cis\left(\frac{\pi + 2k\pi}{4}\right), k = 0, 1, 2, 3.$$

$$k = 0 \Rightarrow z_1 = 2cis\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 2\left[\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right] = 2\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right] = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i$$

$$k = 1 \Rightarrow z_2 = 2cis\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) = 2\left[\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)\right] = 2\left[-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right] = -\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i$$

$$k = 2 \Rightarrow z_3 = 2cis\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) = 2\left[\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)\right] = 2\left[-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right] = -\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i$$

$$k = 3 \Rightarrow z_4 = 2cis\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right) = 2\left[\cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)\right] = 2\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - i \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right] = \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i$$

4 marks